116th Congress 2d Session S.
To ensure that the United States Government advocates for a free internet.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
Mr. GARDNER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
A BILL
To ensure that the United States Government advocates for a free internet.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Free the Internet
5 Around the Globe to Hack Tyranny and Censorship Act"
6 or the "FIGHT Censorship Act".
7 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
8 In this Act:
9 (1) Assistant Secretary.—The term "Assist-

ant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of

Commerce for Communications and Information.

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1	(2) United states internet freedom pol-			
2	ICY.—The term "United States internet freedom			
3	policy" means the policy under section 3(b).			
4	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF UNITED STATES POLICY ON COM-			
5	MITMENT TO INTERNET FREEDOM.			
6	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—			
7	(1) the internet has revolutionized communic			
8	tions and is one of the most transformative technologies.			
9	logical developments of the 20th century;			
10	(2) the internet is a powerful tool that facili-			
11	tates the exercise of human rights and fundamenta			
12	freedoms, including freedoms of expression, associa-			
13	tion, peaceful assembly, and religion or belief;			
14	(3) the internet has vastly improved economic			
15	freedom for connected individuals around the world			
16	and driven a global increase in trade, commercial ac-			
17	tivity, and innovation;			
18	(4) the internet is intended to be universal, and			
19	a segmented or fractured internet puts protection of			
20	human rights and fundamental freedoms at risk;			
21	(5) national governments that pursue aggres-			
22	sive data localization efforts or attempts to reduce			
23	the free flow of information across borders erode			
24	economic opportunity and freedom for their own citi-			
25	zens;			

1	(6) national governments that own, sponsor, or
2	largely control social media platforms, telecommuni-
3	cations providers, or other technological mediums
4	and use them to further human rights abuses violate
5	the rights and freedoms described in this subsection
6	and
7	(7) national governments that engage in inter-
8	net shutdowns, arrests for nonviolent expression on-
9	line, politically-motivated content moderation, and
10	online political surveillance violate human rights, in-
11	cluding the rights to privacy and safety, as well as
12	the fundamental freedoms of their own citizens.
13	(b) Policy.—It is the policy of the United States—
14	(1) that the internet should remain open, inter-
15	operable, reliable, and secure, and grounded in a
16	transparent, consensus-driven, multi-stakeholder
17	model;
18	(2) to uphold human rights and fundamental
19	freedoms described in subsection (a) domestically
20	and promote their continued adoption, protection
21	and expansion throughout the world;
22	(3) to engage international partners and na-
23	tional governments who pledge to uphold the human
24	rights and fundamental freedoms described in sub-
25	section (a), and build a coalition of like-minded

1	countries to support those rights and freedoms in al
2	internet-related activities;
3	(4) that the United States is committed to a
4	single internet where everyone in the world has ac-
5	cess to the free exchange of information and ideas
6	and
7	(5) that the United States, its global partners
8	and United States companies should ensure that al
9	national governments adhere to the human rights
10	and fundamental freedoms described in subsection
11	(a) in questions of internet policy and work to
12	counter national governments hostile to those rights
13	and freedoms.
13 14	and freedoms.  SEC. 4. NTIA RESPONSIBILITIES.
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14 15 16 17	SEC. 4. NTIA RESPONSIBILITIES.  The Assistant Secretary shall—  (1) adhere to the United States internet freedom policy;
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 4. NTIA RESPONSIBILITIES.  The Assistant Secretary shall—  (1) adhere to the United States internet free dom policy;  (2) communicate the United States internet freedom policy to appropriate stakeholders during meetings of international organizations at which the Assistant Secretary represents the United States in

1	SEC. 5.	INTERNET	FREEDOM	TASK	FORCE.
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2	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Commerce
3	shall establish an Internet Freedom Task Force composed
4	of—
5	(1) the National Telecommunications and Infor-
6	mation Administration;
7	(2) the United States Patent and Trademark
8	Office;
9	(3) the National Institute of Standards and
10	Technology; and
11	(4) the International Trade Administration.
12	(b) Coordinator.—The Assistant Secretary shall
13	coordinate the activities of the Internet Freedom Task
14	Force.
15	(c) Duties.—
16	(1) Annual report.—Not later than 180 days
17	after the date of enactment of this Act, and each
18	year thereafter for 4 additional years, the Internet
19	Freedom Task Force shall submit to Congress a re-
20	port on the state of global internet freedom.
21	(2) Consultation.—The Assistant Secretary,
22	as coordinator of the Internet Freedom Task Force,
23	shall engage in ongoing consultation with the Direc-
24	tor of the United States Patent and Trademark Of-
25	fice, the Director of the National Institute of Stand-
26	ards and Technology, and the Under Secretary of

1	Commerce for International Trade on matters re
2	lated to privacy policy, copyright, global free flow of
3	information, cybersecurity, and innovation in the
4	internet economy, to ensure that the agency headed
5	by each such official is advancing policies that re
6	flect the United States internet freedom policy.
7	SEC. 6. ANNUAL DESIGNATIONS OF COUNTRIES THAT FAIL
8	TO PROVIDE SUFFICIENT INTERNET FREE
9	DOM.
10	The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Sec
11	retary of Commerce, shall annually designate countries
12	that the Secretary of State determines do not provide suf
13	ficient internet freedom to their residents, including—
14	(1) countries with unfavorable domestic laws
15	that—
16	(A) restrict the free flow of information; or
17	(B) deliberately target domestic minority
18	groups; and
19	(2) countries advocating for policies at inter
20	national for athat conflict with the United States
21	internet freedom policy.
22	SEC. 7. INTERNET FREEDOM GRANT PROGRAM.
23	(a) Grants Authorized.—The Secretary of State
24	working through the Assistant Secretary for the Bureau
25	of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor, and in coordi

- 1 nation with other bureaus in the Department of State,
- 2 shall administer a grant program to promote internet free-
- 3 dom policies worldwide that conform with the United
- 4 States internet freedom policy.
- 5 (b) Eligible Grantees; Grant Period.—Grants
- 6 authorized under subsection (a) may be awarded to non-
- 7 profit and international organizations for a period not to
- 8 exceed 5 years.
- 9 (c) Purpose.—The purpose of the grants authorized
- 10 under subsection (a) shall be—
- 11 (1) to promote anti-censorship technology, in-
- cluding censorship-defeating peer-to-peer commu-
- 13 nication technology; and
- 14 (2) to promote secure communications tech-
- 15 nology development, including research on current
- and future global cybersecurity policy.
- 17 (d) Use of Grant Funds.—Grant funds received
- 18 by grant recipients under this section shall be used—
- 19 (1) to create open-source and free platforms to
- achieve the purposes described in subsection (c); and
- 21 (2) for projects operating in countries des-
- ignated by the Secretary of State pursuant to sec-
- 23 tion 6.
- 24 (e) RISK ASSESSMENTS.—The Assistant Secretary
- 25 for the Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor

1 shall conduct periodic risk assessments to protect the iden-

- 2 tity of grant recipients under this section.
- 3 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 4 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 5 \$25,000,000, which shall remain available until expended.

## 6 SEC. 8. STOP THE CCP INITIATIVE FUND.

- 7 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the
- 8 Treasury of the United States a trust fund, which shall
- 9 be known as the "Stop the CCP Initiative Fund" (referred
- 10 to in this section as the "Fund") and shall be adminis-
- 11 tered by the Secretary of State, in consultation with the
- 12 Secretary of Commerce.
- 13 (b) Funding.—There is hereby appropriated
- 14 \$20,000,000 into the Fund.
- (c) Purposes.—The purposes of the Fund shall be
- 16 to support the development of technologies, including
- 17 counter censorship technology and secure communications
- 18 technology development—
- 19 (1) to counter and circumvent internet censor-
- ship within the People's Republic of China; and
- 21 (2) to promote human rights and fundamental
- freedoms on the internet in a manner that is con-
- 23 sistent with the United States internet freedom pol-
- 24 icy.

- 1 (d) Annual Reports.—The Secretary of State shall
- 2 submit an annual report to Congress regarding the activi-
- 3 ties supported by the Fund during the 5-year period be-
- 4 ginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.